



Badminton Nederland

Sectie Wedstrijd Functionarissen

Questions Database Badminton Law Umpire's Training Course

based on the Laws of Badminton and ITTO

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MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS ON BADMINTON LAW

- 1 What is the correct width of the lines of a badminton court?**
 - a 40 mm
 - b 35 mm
 - c 38 mm
 - d 45 mm
- 2 The lines of a badminton court should preferably be of which colour?**
 - a White or blue
 - b Red or yellow
 - c White or yellow
 - d Yellow or blue
- 3 Do the lines form a part of the area they enclose?**
 - a That has not been clearly defined
 - b Yes
 - c All, except the centre line
 - d No
- 4 What is the correct height of the posts?**
 - a 1.55 m
 - b 1.50 m
 - c 1.45 m
 - d 1.524 m
- 5 Where should the posts be positioned?**
 - a Inside the side lines of the court for doubles
 - b That depends on whether a singles or doubles match is being played
 - c On the side lines of the court for doubles
 - d Against the outside of the side lines for doubles
- 6 Where on the court do the posts have to be placed when a singles match is being played on a doubles court?**
 - a On the side lines of the doubles court
 - b On either the side lines of the doubles court or of the singles court
 - c Outside the court, but the bottom of the posts should touch the side line of the doubles court
 - d On the side lines of the singles court
- 7 How far should the top of the net be from the surface of the court in the centre of the court?**
 - a 1.55 m
 - b 1.525 m
 - c 1.524 m
 - d 1.52 m

- 8 How far should the top of the net be from the surface of the court at the posts?**
- a 1.55 m
 - b 1.52 m
 - c 1.54 m
 - d 1.524 m
- 9 What should be done if there is a gap between the ends of the net and the posts?**
- a The net should be tied against the post to close the entire gap
 - b The court may not be used
 - c Leave it as it is
 - d Strips of material should be hung up to cover the gap
- 10 What shape should the mesh of the net have?**
- a This is not defined in the Laws
 - b Square
 - c That is being left to the manufacturers
 - d Rounded
- 11 How many feathers should a shuttle have?**
- a 12
 - b 16
 - c 14
 - d 18
- 12 May the feathers of a shuttle be of different length?**
- a Yes
 - b No
 - c This is not defined in the Laws
 - d This is of no consequence
- 13 Does the base of a synthetic shuttle have to meet the same specifications as a natural feathered shuttle?**
- a No
 - b Yes
 - c Yes, but a deviation of a maximum of 10% is allowed
 - d This has not been defined in the Laws
- 14 From where does the shuttle have to be hit in the execution of the shuttle test?**
- a From behind the back boundary line
 - b From above the back boundary line
 - c From behind the front of the shoe of the player testing the shuttle
 - d This does not matter, as long as the player's position is behind the back boundary line

- 15 Which options does the winner of the toss have to make his choice?**
- a He may leave the first choice to his opponent
 - b Choice of ends
 - c Either a choice between to serve and to receive, or the choice of ends
 - d Either to serve or receive
- 16 Which options does the loser of the toss have when the winner of the toss has chosen to receive?**
- a Choice of ends
 - b Serve first and choice of ends
 - c Serve first
 - d Receive first
- 17 When does the toss have to be performed?**
- a At any time before the start of the match
 - b Before knocking up
 - c At any time
 - d After knocking up
- 18 Who performs the toss?**
- a This has not been defined
 - b The players
 - c The service judge
 - d The umpire
- 19 What should be the difference in points to win a game from the score 20-20 onwards?**
- a Up to 29 points there should be a difference of 2
 - b 1 point
 - c This depends on the score, either 1 or 2 points
 - d 2 points or more
- 20 Who has won a match?**
- a The first side to win a game
 - b The first side to win 2 games
 - c The first side to reach 21 points
 - d The first side to reach 30 points
- 21 How do we define the term “player” in the Laws of Badminton?**
- a Anyone the umpire accepts as such
 - b Anyone the referee accepts as such
 - c Anyone who is eligible for a particular match, tie or tournament
 - d Anyone participating in a match

- 22 In doubles, where may the partners of the server and receiver position themselves?**
- a Wherever they want
 - b Wherever they want, as long as they do not obstruct their opponent's view
 - c Wherever they want, as long as they do not obstruct their own partner's view
 - d Wherever they want, as long as they do not obstruct the server's view
- 23 In doubles, when do players change service court?**
- a After each point they win
 - b After each point they win on their own service
 - c After each rally
 - d After changing ends in the final game
- 24 What determines the correct service court from which the service must be delivered?**
- a The number of points of the serving side
 - b The total number of points scored in that game
 - c The service court from which the opposing side last served
 - d The service court from which the serving side last served
- 25 In doubles, what is the correct sequence of service rights?**
- a From the initial server in a game, to the initial receiver, then to the initial server's partner and finally to the initial receiver's partner, and so on
 - b From the initial server in a game, to the initial receiver's partner, then to the initial server's partner and finally to the initial receiver, and so on
 - c There is no fixed sequence of service rights; it depends on the development of the score during that game
 - d From the initial server in a game, to the server's partner, then to the initial receiver and finally to the initial receiver's partner, and so on
- 26 In a correct service, where must the shuttle land if it is not returned?**
- a Inside or on the boundary lines of the receiver's service court
 - b Inside the receiver's service court
 - c Beyond the short service line
 - d Short of the long service line
- 27 If the server attempts to serve but completely misses the shuttle, this is:**
- a A let
 - b A fault
 - c A let, unless the shuttle touches the server, in which case it is a fault
 - d A let, provided the shuttle lands inside the server's service court

- 28 If, during a rally, the shuttle is caught on the racket, held, and then slung over the net, this is:**
- a A fault
 - b A legal (correct) stroke
 - c A fault only if this action changes shuttle's flight so the opponent cannot return it
 - d A let
- 29 Which player serves first in the second game of a doubles match?**
- a The player who served first in the previous game
 - b The partner of the player who served last in the previous game
 - c This is not fixed, but it must be one of the players on the side that won the first game
 - d It must be a player from the side that served last in the previous game
- 30 Which side serves first in the final game?**
- a The side that won the previous game
 - b The player who served last in the previous game
 - c The side that lost the previous game
 - d This is to be decided between the two sides
- 31 When must players change ends in a match over three games**
- a Before the start of both the second and the third game
 - b After each interval in the match
 - c After both the first and second game, and in the third game after the mid-game interval
 - d Whenever both sides agree
- 32 What should the net be made of?**
- a Thick cord of any colour
 - b Thick cord of a dark colour
 - c Thin cord of any colour
 - d Thin cord of a dark colour
- 33 How should the top of the net be finished?**
- a Edged with a white tape 75 mm wide
 - b Edged with a tape of any colour 65 mm wide
 - c Edged with a white tape 65 mm wide
 - d Edged with a tape of any colour 75 mm wide
- 34 From what type of material should a shuttle be made?**
- a This is not specified, as long as the weight is correct
 - b The shuttle must be made of natural materials only
 - c The shuttle may be made of natural and/or synthetic materials
 - d The shuttle must be made of synthetic materials only

- 35 What should the umpire do if a player refuses to shake hands with their opponent after the match has finished?**
- a Call the player over and give an informal recommendation
 - b Take no action, as shaking hands is the player's choice
 - c Issue a yellow card and record it on the scoresheet
 - d Report a Code of Conduct violation to the referee after the match
- 36 Which side can score a point?**
- a The serving side
 - b Both the serving and receiving side
 - c It depends on whether the match is being played as best-of-one or best-of-three games
 - d The receiving side
- 37 In a doubles match, should players maintain the same serving order throughout the match?**
- a Yes
 - b No; partners may change positions after each game
 - c No; partners may change position after each change of ends
 - d No; provided the umpire is informed about the regular changes after the toss.
- 38 During a service, with which part of the shuttle should the server's racket initially make contact?**
- a The feathers of the shuttle
 - b Both the base and feathers simultaneously
 - c It does not matter, as long as the shuttle does not spin
 - d The base of the shuttle
- 39 When a shuttle remains stuck in or on top of the net after crossing it, this is:**
- a A legal stroke
 - b A fault
 - c A let
 - d A let, except during a service, when it is a fault
- 40 May a player touch the post when it is positioned on the sideline for doubles?**
- a Yes
 - b No
 - c Yes, but only when a singles game is being played on that court
 - d Yes, if it does not obstruct the opponent

- 41 During a service, if the shuttle remains stuck in the net after crossing it, this is:**
- a A point for the serving side
 - b A point for the receiving side
 - c A let
 - d Service over without a point being scored
- 42 During a service, how should the server hold the racket at the instant of impact if no service height measure device is used?**
- a It does not matter how the server holds his racket
 - b The shaft should be pointing downwards
 - c The racket must be below 1.15 m measured from the court surface
 - d The entire racket head must be clearly below the server's hand
- 43 During a rally, if the base of the shuttle separates from the feathers, this is:**
- a A fault
 - b A let
 - c A legal stroke, as long as the base passes the over net
 - d A legal stroke, as long as both the base and feathers pass over the net
- 44 What should the umpire do if a coach disrupts play?**
- a Call the referee
 - b Call a let
 - c Give a recommendation to the coach
 - d Call the referee and calls a let
- 45 Who decides whether play is being delayed?**
- a The umpire, and in some cases the referee
 - b The umpire, after consulting the referee
 - c The umpire
 - d The umpire, and in some cases the service judge
- 46 What is the duration of the mid-game interval?**
- a 60 seconds
 - b 90 seconds
 - c 120 seconds
 - d A maximum of 60 seconds
- 47 At which score during a game must the umpire allow an interval?**
- a Whenever a side has scored 11 points
 - b When one of the sides requests an interval
 - c When 11 points are reached for the first time in a game
 - d When the score is 20-all

- 48 Are intervals mandatory during a match?**
- a Yes
 - b No
 - c No, unless the referee requires them during the briefing
 - d No, unless the referee specifies otherwise before the start of the match
- 49 How long may an interval between two games last?**
- a 90 seconds
 - b A maximum of 120 seconds
 - c 120 seconds
 - d 5 minutes
- 50 At a score of 20-19 in the final game, the receiving side wins the rally. What should the umpire announce?**
- a Service over, 19-20
 - b Service over, 20-all
 - c Service over, 20-game point all
 - d Service over, 20-match point all
- 51 At a score of 29-28 in the second game, the receiver, who lost the first game, wins the rally. What should the umpire announce?**
- a Impossible to say
 - b Service over, 29-all
 - c Service over, 29-game point all
 - d Service over, 29-match point all
- 52 At a score of 29-28 in the final game, the receiving side wins the rally. What should the umpire announce?**
- a Service over, 28-29
 - b Service over, 29-all
 - c Service over, 29-match point all
 - d Service over, 29-game point all
- 53 Who has the authority to disqualify a player in a national championship?**
- a The tournament manager
 - b The referee
 - c The umpire, in consultation with the referee
 - d The tournament manager, in consultation with the referee
- 54 Where should the markers for the shuttle test be placed on a doubles court?**
- a There is no fixed position
 - b Against the inside of the sideline on the left of the court
 - c Against the inside of either the singles sideline of the right service court or the left service court
 - d Against the inside of the singles sideline of the right service court

- 55 Are the markers for the shuttle test mandatory?**
- a The markers are not actually allowed, but are used as an aid
 - b This is not defined in the Laws
 - c No
 - d Yes
- 57 For which purpose may extra objects or protrusions be added to the racket?**
- a To increase the speed of the stroke
 - b To equally distribute weight and to limit or prevent vibration
 - c To alter the shape of the racket
 - d This is not allowed for any reason
- 58 During the shuttle test, where must a shuttle of the correct speed land?**
- a Between 530 en 930 mm in front of the opposite back boundary line
 - b Between 550 en 930 mm in front of the opposite back boundary line
 - c Between 530 en 990 mm in front of the opposite back boundary line
 - d Between 550 en 990 mm in front of the opposite back boundary line
- 59 Who decides whether a shuttle, racket or any other badminton equipment meets the standard requirements?**
- a The umpire
 - b The referee
 - c The BWF
 - d Badminton Nederland
- 60 What should the umpire do if the sides fail to change ends at the correct time in a final game?**
- a Make the sides change ends as soon as the mistake is discovered and correct the score
 - b Leave it up to the players
 - c Allow play to continue
 - d Make the sides change ends as soon as the mistake is discovered, keeping the current score unchanged
- 61 May the server and receiver move during the execution of the service?**
- a Some part of both feet of the receiver must remain in contact with the court in a stationary position from the start of the service until it has been delivered; the server may move freely
 - b Some part of both feet of the server and the receiver must remain in contact with the court in a stationary position from the start of the service until it has been delivered
 - c Both the server and the receiver may move freely
 - d Some part of both feet of the server must remain in contact with the court in a stationary position from the start of the service until it has been delivered; the receiver may move freely

- 62 During a service, when no service height measuring device is used, what should be the position of the shuttle at the instant of impact?**
- a This is not relevant
 - b The entire shuttle should be below 1.15 m from the court surface
 - c The entire shuttle should be below the server's waist
 - d In the vicinity of the server's waist
- 63 During play, if the shuttle hits the top of the post, changes direction, and lands inside the opponent's court, what does the umpire decide?**
- a This is not a legal stroke
 - b This is a point for the striker
 - c The umpire calls a let
 - d This is a fault because a player may not touch the post
- 64 What is the duty of the service judge?**
- a To call service faults made by the server
 - b To call service and net faults
 - c To keep the score on the electronic scoring system
 - d To support the umpire in general
- 65 When should a player appeal the umpire's decision if they disagree?**
- a There is no possibility of appeal
 - b Before the next service is delivered
 - c After the match has finished
 - d At any time during the match
- 66 May the umpire replace a service judge or a line judge?**
- a Yes, in consultation with the referee
 - b No, this is not allowed
 - c No, only the referee can do this
 - d Yes, if necessary
- 67 Is the umpire allowed to change the call of a line judge?**
- a No
 - b Yes
 - c Yes, when the umpire is certain that the line judge clearly made a wrong call
 - d Yes, when the umpire would have made a different call
- 68 What are the requirements for the flight characteristics of a synthetic shuttle?**
- a There are separate requirements for the flight characteristics of a synthetic shuttle
 - b There are no separate requirements for the flight characteristics of a synthetic shuttle
 - c In general, the same as for feathered shuttles
 - d In general, the same as for feathered shuttles, with a deviation of 10%

- 69 Are players allowed to leave the court when play is suspended?**
- a Yes, always
 - b No
 - c No, unless the umpire gives permission
 - d No, unless the referee gives permission
- 70 Under what circumstances may the umpire suspend play?**
- a When the umpire finds it necessary
 - b When necessitated by circumstances beyond control of the players
 - c Only in case of an injury during play
 - d When one of the players requests a suspension
- 71 During a match, when may a player leave the court?**
- a At any change of ends and when the umpire gives permission
 - b Only at the change of ends and in the interval between the second and final game
 - c In the intervals between the first and second game, the second and final game, and when the umpire gives permission
 - d During all regular intervals and when the umpire gives permission
- 72 Who decides on any suspension of play?**
- a The umpire
 - b The referee
 - c The umpire, and in special cases the referee
 - d The tournament manager and the referee
- 73 Is it the duty of the umpire to check the height of the net?**
- a Yes; this is an exclusive duty of the umpire
 - b No; this is the duty of the service judge
 - c This is not specified
 - d It is the duty of the umpire, but it may be delegated to the service judge
- 74 Who has the authority to disqualify a player when no referee has been appointed?**
- a A member of the Executive Board, if present
 - b The umpire
 - c The tournament manager
 - d The responsible official
- 75 What is the duty of the referee?**
- a Primarily representational duties
 - b The Referee shall have overall charge of the tournament or championship of which a match forms part
 - c Managing the other court officials
 - d In charge of court officials and match control

- 76 What determines the beginning of the service?**
- a The moment of impact
 - b The first movement of the server's arm holding the racket
 - c The start of the first forward movement of the racket head
 - d The start of the racket's movement
- 77 After the server has delivered the service, when should the umpire consider the receiver to have been ready to receive?**
- a If the receiver attempted to return the service
 - b If the receiver had taken up position to receive before the service
 - c If the umpire observed that the receiver was ready to receive
 - d If the server saw that the receiver was ready to receive
- 78 May players leave the court during the mid-game interval?**
- a Yes, always
 - b Yes, but only if they remain within the umpire's sight
 - c No, unless the umpire gives permission
 - d No, this is not allowed
- 79 Will a point be scored if the shuttle does not pass over the net but flies outside the post and lands within the opponent's court?**
- a Yes
 - b No
 - c This is a let
 - d Yes, unless it occurs during a service, in which case it is a let
- 80 Is it correct if a shuttle does not pass over the net, but flies outside the post and lands within the opponent's court?**
- a Yes
 - b No
 - c This is a let
 - d Yes, unless it occurs during a service, in which case it is a let
- 81 If a match has no umpire:**
- a A let can never be called
 - b A let can be called by a player to stop play
 - c A let can only be called by a player in case of an injury on court
 - d A let can only be called before half the number of points required to win the game have been scored
- 82 May the referee intervene on their own initiative in case of a delay of play?**
- a No
 - b Yes, always
 - c Yes, if the referee believes the umpire is not applying the Laws correctly
 - d Yes, if the referee believes the delay is disadvantageous to one side

- 83 May a coach give advice during a game?**
- a No
 - b Yes, when the shuttle is not in play
 - c Yes, as long as play is not disrupted and opponents are not distracted
 - d Yes, but only during the mid-game interval
- 84 When may a player receive advice from a coach?**
- a Only during the two-minute intervals
 - b Between games and when play has been suspended
 - c When the shuttle is not in play
 - d When play has been suspended, but only with the referee's permission
- 85 Who may the umpire allow on court in case of an injury?**
- a The appointed medical official
 - b The referee
 - c The referee and a medical official, as determined by the referee
 - d The referee, a medical official, and the coach of the injured player
- 86 What defines the end of the service?**
- a The end of the of the first forward movement of the server's racket head
 - b The instant of impact
 - c The instant of impact, or when the server misses the shuttle in an attempt to serve
 - d When the shuttle passes over the net
- 87 From what moment onwards are server and receiver no longer allowed to unduly delay the delivery of the service?**
- a From the moment the server and receiver are ready to serve or receive
 - b From the moment the backward movement of the server's racket has been completed
 - c From the moment the shuttle leaves the server's racket
 - d From the moment the server and receiver have taken up their position
- 88 In doubles, when the initial server's side loses the right to serve for the first time in a game, from which service court should the initial receiver serve?**
- a From the right service court
 - b From the left service court
 - c It depends on the number of points the initial server's side has scored
 - d From the service court opposite the one from which the last service was delivered
- 89 Who may suspend play during a match?**
- a The umpire
 - b The referee
 - c The umpire, whether or not acting on the referee's instruction
 - d The tournament director and the referee

- 90 Who may call a let?**
- a Only the umpire
 - b The umpire and a player if no umpire has been appointed
 - c The umpire and players in mutual agreement if no umpire has been appointed
 - d The umpire, but only when requested by at least one player
- 91 May the server serve again if, on the first serve, the shuttle remains stuck on top of the net?**
- a Yes; this is a let
 - b No; this is a fault
 - c This is a judgement call to be made by the umpire
 - d This rarely happens, so it requires referee intervention
- 92 Must the umpire note on his scorepad which players will serve and receive first in all games of a match?**
- a No, only for the first game
 - b Yes, this is obligatory
 - c The umpire may choose to do so for his own convenience
 - d Only when the referee so orders during the briefing
- 93 What is the duty of the line judge?**
- a The line judge must indicate whether a shuttle falls "in" or "out" on the line for which they are responsible
 - b The line judge must indicate whether a shuttle falls "in" or "out" and should support the umpire in performing their duties
 - c The line judge must indicate whether a shuttle falls "in" or "out" on the line for which they are responsible, and on all lines within their view
 - d The line judge must indicate whether a shuttle falls "in" or "out" on the line for which they are responsible and should operate the scoreboard
- 94 How should the umpire react when a player appeals the call of a line judge or a service judge?**
- a The umpire should uphold the call
 - b The umpire may change the call if they have a different opinion
 - c The umpire takes the appeal to the referee, who will make the final decision
 - d The umpire upholds the call only if they agree with it
- 95 In doubles, is it possible for a player to receive two consecutive services in the same game?**
- a Yes, in case of a service court error
 - b Yes, in case of a let
 - c Yes, if a let is being played or a service court error has occurred
 - d Yes, if both the server and receiver committed a fault on the previous service

- 96 In doubles, is it possible for a player to serve in two consecutive turns of service?**
- a Never
 - b Yes, when a let is being played
 - c Yes, in case of a service court error
 - d Yes, if both the server and receiver committed a fault on the previous service
- 97 During play, if the shuttle touches a beam in the ceiling and there are no specific bylaws, what does the umpire decide?**
- a This is a let
 - b This is a fault
 - c It is a fault only if the striker's opponent appeals
 - d It is a let only if the striker appeals
- 98 The umpire suspends play due to unforeseen circumstances. After 6 minutes, one of the players wants to resume. What should the umpire decide?**
- a The umpire resumes play
 - b It has only been 6 minutes, so there is no reason to resume play yet
 - c The umpire first consults the opposing side
 - d The umpire resumes play when they see fit, regardless of the duration of the suspension
- 99 What must the umpire do when both the server and the receiver are faulted at the same time?**
- a That depends on the nature of the infringement
 - b Call a let
 - c Call a let, unless one of the players misbehaves; in that case it is a fault
 - d The faults cancel each other out, so play continues
- 100 May the umpire ignore a service fault called by the service judge?**
- a No
 - b Yes
 - c Yes, when the umpire feels that the call of the service judge is not correct
 - d Yes, when the service judge's call came after the shuttle passed over the net
- 101 Is the service judge required to clarify a decision by making hand signals?**
- a Yes
 - b Only if they consider it necessary
 - c No, giving hand signals is entirely optional
 - d Only if the faulted player asks what the fault was

- 102 Play has been suspended due to unforeseen circumstances. May a player leave the court without the umpire's permission?**
- a Yes, when the player's coach wants him to do so
 - b Yes
 - c Yes, unless the umpire objects
 - d No, this is only allowed during the regular interval
- 103 When the umpire calls the referee onto court because a player is injured, who may the referee allow to enter the court with them?**
- a Only the appointed tournament medical professional
 - b Any persons the referee deems necessary for handling the situation
 - c Only the injured player's coach, provided they are seated in the designated coaching chair
 - d The injured player's coach and the team physiotherapist
- 104 Is a player allowed to wipe their hands or face during a match?**
- a No, this is not permitted
 - b Yes, but only with the umpire's permission
 - c Yes, as long as it does not cause an undue delay to play
 - d Yes, but only after a long rally
- 105 Is a player allowed to take a quick drink during a match?**
- a Yes, as long as it does not cause an undue delay to play
 - b Yes, but only with the umpire's permission and provided play is not delayed
 - c Yes, but only if the referee has announced this allowance during the pre-match briefing
 - d No, drinking during play is not permitted
- 106 Who is responsible for ensuring that the court is mopped during an interval?**
- a The umpire
 - b The line judge under whose chair the mop has been placed
 - c The service judge
 - d The referee
- 107 How many support personnel may a player have at courtside during an interval?**
- a 1
 - b 2
 - c 3
 - d There is no specific rule limiting the number
- 108 What should the umpire announce at the end of an 11-point interval?**
- a "Play"
 - b The current score
 - c The current score followed by "Play"
 - d "Player A to serve", followed by the current score, then "Play"

- 109 What action should the umpire take when a player's mobile phone rings during a match?**
- a Ask the player to turn off their phone
 - b Issue a yellow card
 - c Award a fault against the player
 - d Call the referee onto the court
- 110 Who decides how much time a player is allowed for an injury during play?**
- a The umpire
 - b The referee, in consultation with the medical official
 - c The referee
 - d The referee, in consultation with the umpire
- 111 When should the umpire issue a card for misconduct occurring between games?**
- a Misconduct between games is not considered an infringement
 - b Immediately when the misconduct occurs, followed by the appropriate announcement
 - c The referee issues the card after the match has finished, upon the umpire's indication
 - d The umpire issues the card at the start of the next game
- 112 From what moment does the umpire assume authority over a match?**
- a As soon as the match is called by match control
 - b After the toss has been conducted
 - c As soon as the umpire enters the court area
 - d When the match officially starts
- 113 Should the service judge inform the umpire if the umpire misses a call made by the service judge?**
- a Yes, immediately
 - b No
 - c The service judge may do so at their discretion
 - d Only if the players appeal
- 114 Which of the following situations does NOT result in a let?**
- a When the server and receiver are both faulted at the same time
 - b When the receiver makes a service court error
 - c When, in the umpire's opinion, a coach disrupts play
 - d When the server serves before the receiver is ready

- 115 A line judge is unsighted and cannot make a call. The umpire also cannot determine whether the shuttle was in or out, so the umpire calls a let. The player at whose end the call should have been made insists that the shuttle was clearly "In". The umpire now wants to change the decision. What should the umpire do?**
- a It is correct to change the decision to award the rally to the player, since this gives the correct result
 - b This is incorrect, because the umpire should not reverse a decision once announced
 - c The umpire should maintain the let, since they could not make the call themselves
 - d The umpire should consult the referee before taking any further action
- 116 After a rally, the umpire cannot see whether the shuttle is "In" or "Out". The line judge calls "In", and the umpire announces "Service over". Before the umpire can announce the new score, the line judge changes the call to "Unsighted". The umpire then calls a let. One of the players appeals and requests the referee. The umpire calls the referee. What should happen next?**
- a It is correct to change the decision to award the rally to the player, since this gives the correct result
 - b This concerns a point of fact, so the referee cannot intervene and should inform the players that it is the umpire's decision
 - c The referee should inform the player that this is a point of fact and that no appeal is allowed against it
 - d The referee should inform the player that a line judge may change their call and that the umpire must act accordingly
- 117 In a mixed doubles match, Lady A is the initial server. At a certain point, the score is 16–15 in favour of A and her partner B. Which of the following statements is definitely FALSE?**
- a A serves from the left service court
 - b A serves from the right service court
 - c It is not possible to say who serves
 - d B serves from the right service court
- 118 Immediately after a rally has ended, the umpire notices that the receiving side made a service court error. They lost the rally. What action should the umpire take?**
- a A let must be called, and the positions of the receivers are not corrected
 - b The serving side scores a point, and the positions of the receiving side are corrected
 - c The serving side scores a point, and the positions of the receiving side are not corrected
 - d A let must be called, and the positions of the receivers are corrected

- 119 At what moment should the umpire record the starting time of the match on the scoresheet?**
- a When the players are ready to deliver and receive the initial service of the match
 - b Immediately after the 2-minute warm-up has ended
 - c Immediately after the match is announced, before calling "Play"
 - d Immediately after calling "Play" at the start of the match
- 120 In which of the following situations is the shuttle NOT in play?**
- a When the shuttle hits the top of the post, goes over, and then falls down towards the floor
 - b When, after a stroke, the shuttle is completely flat and travels at very high speed
 - c When the shuttle strikes the net or post and begins to fall toward the court surface on the striker's side of the net
 - d When the shuttle passes over the net, falls alongside the net, and lands on the striker's side of the net
- 121 In which of the following situations does the umpire NOT call "Play"?**
- a At the start of the game
 - b When play is resumed after a suspension
 - c After players have taken a drink
 - d When players are instructed to continue play
- 122 What is the umpire's announcement when play is resumed after a suspension?**
- a "Play"
 - b "Are you ready", followed by "Play"
 - c "Are you ready", followed by the current score, then "Play"
 - d "Are you ready", when appropriate, followed by "Service over", then the current score, and finally "Play"
- 123 Is the umpire required to report warnings and faults given for misconduct to the referee?**
- a No
 - b Yes
 - c Only if the misconduct is serious
 - d This is at the discretion of the umpire
- 124 A player regularly leaves the court to towel off. Is this allowed?**
- a Yes, as long as it does not unduly delay play
 - b No, this is not allowed without the umpire's permission
 - c Yes, as long as the player returns to the court within ten seconds
 - d Yes, as long as it does not disturb the opposing side

- 125 When the umpire suspends play due to unforeseen circumstances, must the umpire make an announcement?**
- a No, this is not obligatory
 - b Yes, the umpire must announce the suspension
 - c Yes, but only if the referee requests it
 - d This is entirely at the umpire's discretion
- 126 The umpire has arranged for the service judge to call the sideline. Is this allowed??**
- a No
 - b Yes
 - c Yes, but only if the players have been informed
 - d Yes, but only if the referee has given permission
- 127 In a doubles the serving side A made a service court error and the lose the rally. The umpire notices this after the rally. What should he do?**
- a there should be a let and the position of the players of the serving side shall not be corrected
 - b it is service over and the position of the players of side A must be corrected
 - c it is service over and the and the position of the players of side A will not be corrected
 - d this is a let and the position of the players of side A will be corrected
- 128 In doubles, the serving side (Side A) made a service court error and lost the rally. The umpire notices this after the rally. What should the umpire do?**
- a A let must be called, and the positions of the players on Side A are not corrected
 - b Service over, and the positions of the players on Side A must be corrected
 - c Service over, and the positions of the players on Side A are not corrected
 - d A let must be called, and the positions of the players on Side A are corrected
- 129 In doubles, the receiving side (Side B) made a service court error but won the rally. The umpire notices this after the rally. What should the umpire decide?**
- a A let must be called, and the positions of the players on Side B are not corrected
 - b Service over, and the positions of the players on Side B are not corrected
 - c Service over, and the positions of the players on Side B are corrected
 - d A let must be called, and the positions of the players on Side B are corrected

- 130 In doubles, both sides committed a service court error. The umpire realizes this occurred a few rallies ago. What should the umpire do?**
- a Do not change the score or the positions of the players on court; ignore the error
 - b Correct the positions of the players and uphold the score
 - c Resume play at the score that was reached at the time the error occurred
 - d Refer the issue to the referee
- 131 When does the authority of the umpire over a match end?**
- a After the umpire has left the court
 - b After the umpire has made the final announcement
 - c After the players have left the court
 - d As soon as the match has finished
- 132 The umpire suspends play due to unforeseen circumstances. During the suspension, one side is being coached. Is this allowed?**
- a No, coaching is only allowed during regular intervals
 - b Yes, the Laws allow coaching during a suspension
 - c Yes, but only with the umpire's permission
 - d No, coaching is not allowed during a suspension
- 133 What should the umpire do if a shuttle from another court lands close to his own court?**
- a Call a let immediately
 - b Call a let only if it interferes with play on his own court
 - c Allow play to continue, since the shuttle did not land inside the court
 - d Call a let only if the players request it
- 134 In which of the following situations is the shuttle considered in play?**
- a The shuttle touches the net and remains suspended on top of the net
 - b A player touches the shuttle and it continues to fly toward the back of the court
 - c A player plays a drop shot and the shuttle descends in such a curve that it cannot pass over the net
 - d The shuttle hits the post and falls down on the striker's side of the net
- 135 Is the umpire allowed to issue a fault for misconduct to a player on the first occasion?**
- a No, the umpire must issue a warning first
 - b No, the umpire must first inform the referee
 - c Yes, but only if the player threatens another technical official
 - d Yes, in the case of serious misconduct

- 136 To whom does the umpire report after a match?**
- a Nobody; the umpire is completely autonomous
 - b To the referee
 - c To match control
 - d To the tournament manager
- 137 Is the umpire still responsible for ensuring the scoreboard shows the correct score when it is operated by a separate operator?**
- a Yes, the umpire remains responsible in this case
 - b No, the scoreboard is an optional service for the benefit of spectators and is not the umpire's responsibility
 - c No, unless the referee specifically instructs otherwise
 - d Yes, provided the umpire informed the players before the start of the match
- 138 What should the umpire do when a line judge indicates that their view was obstructed?**
- a Call a let immediately
 - b Must make the line call himself if he is able
 - c May make the line call himself if he is able
 - d Accept the player's call if both players agree
- 139 What should the umpire do if he is unsure whether a player is faking an injury to retire from the match?**
- a Ask the player, "Are you sure?"
 - b Ask the player to call their coach
 - c Call the referee to the court
 - d Ask the player to call their coach and simultaneously call the referee
- 140 Is the umpire allowed to call a service fault when the service judge does not?**
- a No
 - b No, unless the umpire and service judge have agreed on this beforehand
 - c Yes, if the umpire believes the service judge's view was obstructed
 - d Yes, if the umpire personally observes that a service fault has occurred
- 141 How must the server and receiver position themselves during the execution of the service?**
- a Any part of each foot of both players must remain in contact with the floor and stationary until the service has been delivered
 - b Any part of the server's feet must remain in contact with the floor and stationary until the service has been delivered
 - c Both feet of the server and receiver must remain completely in contact with the floor and stationary until the service has been delivered
 - d Both feet of the server must remain completely in contact with the floor and stationary until the service has been delivered

- 142 Is it possible for a player to serve or receive in two consecutive rallies at the same score?**
- a No, this is not possible
 - b This is only possible if the umpire permits it
 - c This is only possible in the case of a let
 - d This is only possible in the case of a let or a service court error
- 143 What should the umpire do to correct a service court error?**
- a Only change the order of service
 - b Correct the positions of the players, and optionally change the order of service
 - c Correct the positions of the players, the order of service, and the score
 - d Correct the positions of the players and the order of service, but keep the score unchanged
- 144 In which case is it always correct for the umpire to call "Game point"?**
- a Each time the serving side needs only one point to win the first game
 - b The first time any side reaches 20 points in the first game
 - c Each time the serving side reaches 20 points
 - d The first time any side reaches 20 points in the second game
- 145 May the umpire refuse a request to change the shuttle if both players agree to it?**
- a No, the umpire must allow it
 - b Yes, if the umpire believes that changing the shuttle is unjustified
 - c Yes, if the umpire thinks the shuttle is still in good condition, he may consult the referee
 - d Yes, if the umpire believes the players only want to change the shuttle to delay play
- 146 What should the umpire do when a shuttle has been tampered with?**
- a If the umpire believes the shuttle is still in reasonable condition, play should continue
 - b If the players agree, play should continue with the shuttle
 - c The shuttle must be replaced
 - d If a player restores the shuttle (e.g., straightens the feathers), play may continue
- 147 How should the umpire divide his attention between the server and receiver when a service judge has been appointed?**
- a The umpire focuses only on the receiver
 - b The umpire divides his attention equally between both
 - c The umpire focuses primarily on the server
 - d The umpire focuses primarily on the receiver

- 148 If during a rally a player slides with his foot under the net into the opponent's court, this is:**
- a A fault
 - b A let
 - c A fault if the opponent is distracted or obstructed
 - d A let if the opponent is distracted or obstructed
- 149 What is the maximum number of times an umpire can call "Game point" during a match?**
- a 4 times
 - b 5 times
 - c 6 times
 - d 7 times
- 150 What is the maximum number of times an umpire can call "Match point" during a match?**
- a 4 times
 - b 5 times
 - c 6 times
 - d 7 times
- 151 In which way may a synthetic shuttle deviate by a maximum of 10% from a feathered shuttle?**
- a In the composition of the cork
 - b In the composition of the skirt
 - c In the flight characteristics
 - d In the weight, cork diameter, skirt diameter, and skirt length
- 152 How should the shuttle test be executed?**
- a The shuttle should be hit over the net parallel to the side lines
 - b It does not matter, as long as the shuttle lands between 530 mm and 990 mm from the back boundary line
 - c The shuttle should be struck with average strength parallel to the side line
 - d The shuttle should be hit from above the back boundary line with a full underhand stroke parallel to the side line
- 153 May the shuttle test be executed with a diagonal stroke?**
- a Yes
 - b No
 - c Yes, but only within directly opposite service courts
 - d Yes, but only to distinguish between different shuttle speeds

- 154 Must there be a toss at the beginning of the match, or may players agree among themselves?**
- a A toss is only required if the players cannot come to an agreement
 - b Yes, a toss must always be held
 - c It is up to the players whether to have a toss or not
 - d It is up to the players, but only when no umpire is appointed
- 155 May a service start with a backward movement?**
- a No, this must be interpreted as a delay
 - b Yes
 - c Yes, but only after the players have taken up their positions
 - d Yes, provided it is part of a continuous movement
- 156 During a service, how should the server hold the racket at the instant of impact if a service height measure device is used**
- a The shaft of the racket must point clearly downwards
 - b The shaft of the racket must point downwards throughout the entire service
 - c The shaft of the racket must point downwards at the instant of contact with the shuttle
 - d It does not matter
- 157 May a player change the speed of the forward movement of the racket during the execution of a service?**
- a Yes
 - b No
 - c Yes, but only if the service started with a backward movement
 - d No, as this causes distraction
- 158 May a player hold up their racket at the net in order to intercept the shuttle?**
- a Yes
 - b No
 - c Yes, as long as the opponent can properly complete their stroke
 - d No, because this constitutes obstruction
- 159 During a regular interval, when should a coach leave courtside?**
- a As soon as the umpire announces "20 seconds"
 - b There is no specific rule for this
 - c As soon as the coach has completed their coaching
 - d Before the interval is over

- 160 Before the start of a match, a player commits an act of misconduct that during a match would have resulted in a red card. What should the umpire do?**
- a The umpire does not react because misconduct before the start of a match cannot be penalized
 - b The umpire calls the player over and gives a recommendation
 - c The umpire calls the player over, issues a fault for misconduct, calls the referee, but still starts the match at 0-0
 - d The umpire calls the player over, issues a fault for misconduct, calls the referee, and starts the match at 1-0 for the opposing side
- 161 From which position should a coach give instructions to their players during a regular interval?**
- a Somewhere on the court
 - b At courtside
 - c Anywhere they want
 - d As specified in the pre-match briefing
- 162 Who decides on the correct speed of the shuttle?**
- a The players
 - b The umpire
 - c The umpire in consultation with the service judge
 - d The referee
- 163 For how long may a player receive treatment for an on-court injury during a match?**
- a As long as the player needs
 - b As long as needed, but never longer than 5 minutes
 - c There is no fixed time, but treatment should not cause an unfair delay of play
 - d As long as the tournament medical official requires to address the problem
- 164 Is a point scored when, during play, the shuttle does not pass over the net but goes around the post to land inside the opponent's court?**
- a Yes, the striker scores a point
 - b Yes, the striker's opponent scores a point
 - c No, this is a let
 - d Yes, the striker's opponent scores, unless it is a service, in which case it is a let